



Year-End Charitable Tax Strategies for 2025

Presented by Fidelity Charitable®



What we'll cover

1

How the charitable deduction works, including limits and implications from the new legislation

2

Strategies to help you potentially maximize your donation and reduce your taxes

3

Considerations for using a donor-advised fund like the Fidelity Charitable® Giving Account® versus making a direct gift

How the charitable deduction works

And choosing the right asset to give

Poll

If you have given to charity in the last year, what did you use to give?

☐ Cash or credit card

☐ Wrote a check

☐ Donated goods

☐ Stock

☐ A complex asset, such as restricted stock

Popular assets to give



Cash



Appreciated
securities



Complex, non-publicly
traded assets

Percentage of types of assets contributed to
Fidelity Charitable in 2024, by dollars



Benefits of donating long-term
appreciated assets or complex assets

- Generally entitled to the full fair market value tax deduction¹ at the time of gift
- Potentially reduce or eliminate capital gains tax
- Give more by donating directly to charity

2025 tax incentives

Income tax benefits¹ (for itemizers)

Cash adjusted gross income (AGI) limitations

- **60%** to public charities or donor-advised funds
- **30%** to private foundations

Long-term appreciated securities AGI limitations

- **30%** to public charities or donor-advised funds
- **20%** to private foundations

Capital gains²

Short-term appreciated securities (owned for 1 year or less)

- Taxed at ordinary rates
- 3.8% Medicare surtax in some cases
- Deduction usually limited to cost basis

Long-term appreciated securities

- Taxed at 15% or 20%
- 3.8% Medicare surtax in some cases
- Deduction usually equal to the fair market value at the time of contribution

Donate appreciated securities to potentially reduce taxes and increase giving

\$20,000

Donation to charity



**CASH, CARD,
OR CHECK**



STOCK

*(\$20,000 fair market value (FMV) /
\$10,000 cost basis)*

What is the purchasing power of each asset?

\$20,000

\$17,620
*After -\$2,380 in capital gains tax and
Medicare surtax*

If donated, how much does the charity receive?

\$20,000

\$20,000

**Potential income tax savings
35% tax bracket**

**Donating post-
sale proceeds**

\$17,620
income tax
deduction

\$6,167
income tax savings

**Donating the
stock directly**

\$20,000
income tax
deduction

\$7,000
income tax savings

vs.

Greater tax deduction, greater contribution

Poll

Do you typically take the standard deduction or itemize?

☐ Take the standard deduction

☐ Itemize my deductions

☐ Depends year to year

Maximize your donation

And incentives to give back this year

One Big Beautiful Bill Act

Changes to the charitable sector

	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (2017)	One Big Beautiful Bill Act (2025)
<i>Individual charitable deduction</i>	Itemizers can deduct contributions, subject to limits by type	1. Only contributions >0.5% of base deductible (2026) 2. 60% of adjusted gross income cash contributions limit made permanent 3. Nonitemizers can deduct up to \$1,000/\$2,000 (2026)
<i>Corporate charitable deduction</i>	Deductions allowed with type-based limits	New 1% minimum threshold for deductions (2026)

Notable OBBBA provision potentially impacting the charitable sector:

Itemized deduction cap: 35% cap on total itemized deductions, including charitable contributions

Accelerate 2025 gifts



Charitable deductions capped at 35%

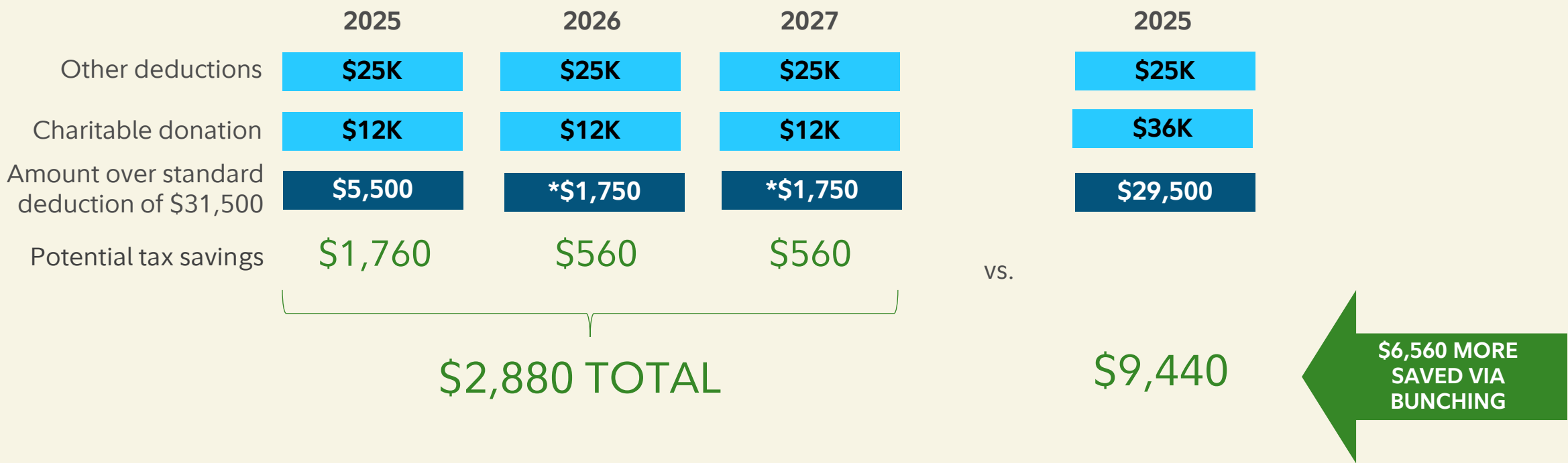


New “floor” on charitable deductions (corporate & individual)



Bunching in 2025

Scenario: Donor is in the 32% federal income tax bracket, files jointly as a married couple, and itemizes deductions.



*New 0.5% AGI floor on charitable deductions, effective in the 2026 tax year.

The Giving Account[®]

A donor-advised fund program sponsored by Fidelity Charitable[®]

Giving with a donor-advised fund (DAF)

A donor-advised fund is one of the easiest and most tax-advantageous ways to give to charity



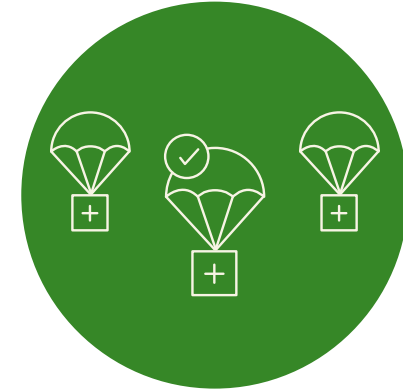
Give

Make a tax-deductible
charitable contribution



Grow

Contributions can
be invested



Grant

Recommend grants to
IRS-qualified charities

Compare ways to give

	Check/Cash/Credit	Qualified charitable distributions	Donor-advised funds
Organizations you can support	Public charities	- Qualified charitable distributions (QCDs) can be made only to certain IRS-qualified charitable organizations - QCDs cannot be made to donor-advised fund sponsors, private foundations, and supporting organizations, though these are categorized as charities	IRS-qualified public charities
Income tax deduction* *Percentage of adjusted gross income	60% to qualifying charities ¹	QCDs allow you to donate \$108,000 (2025) directly to charity from an IRA ²	60% for cash 30% for appreciated assets³
Recordkeeping	Manual tracking of receipts and documentation for tax purposes	Requires IRA distribution records and charity acknowledgment for tax reporting	Uses one charitable entity for tax purposes no matter how many charities supported. Information available online in one centralized place
Growth potential and option to donate non-cash assets			
Option to support charities anonymously			
Consider this when	You want to make one-off donations and manage your own donation receipts at tax time	You are age 70½ or older and want to satisfy your required minimum distribution (RMD) while supporting charity without increasing taxable income	You want a flexible giving solution with low costs and the potential to grow contributions tax-free over time

15

¹ When donating to a public charity; 30% when donating to a private foundation

² Not taxed as ordinary income (if you are age 70½ or older)

³ Appreciated assets held for over a year are generally deductible at fair market value (this applies to both publicly and non-publicly traded assets)

Year-end contribution guidelines

November 10	Mutual funds held outside of Fidelity Investments®
December 1	Control and restricted stock
December 12	Assets held at Fidelity Investments® in a managed account ¹
December 26	Cryptocurrency ²
December 31	• Publicly traded securities other than mutual funds held outside Fidelity Investments • Wire transfers • Electronic funds transfers (EFTs) • Assets held at Fidelity Investments • Checks* • Physical stock certificates*

To be eligible for a 2025 charitable tax deduction,
contributions may need to be initiated **as early as November.**

¹ For phone contributions only. Web contributions must be initiated online by 11:59 p.m. ET December 31, 2025.

² Paperwork must be received by December 26. Assets must be received and cleared through the blockchain by 11:59 p.m. ET December 31, 2025.

*Items mailed must be postmarked by USPS no later than December 31, 2025. If sent by third-party provider (UPS, FedEx, etc.), mail must be received by December 31, 2025. Dates are specific to Fidelity Charitable Giving Account® contributions. For further details, visit FidelityCharitable.org.

Next steps

Visit www.FidelityCharitable.org.

Open a Giving Account, try our demo and calculators, and discover smarter giving strategies.

Join us on November 13

[Ask the Experts: The Fidelity Charitable® Giving Account® webinar](#)

Disclosures

The tax information provided is general and educational in nature and should not be construed as legal or tax advice. Fidelity Charitable does not provide legal or tax advice. Content provided relates to taxation at the federal level only. Charitable deductions at the federal level are available only if you itemize deductions. Rules and regulations regarding tax deductions for charitable giving vary at the state level, and laws of a specific state or laws relevant to a particular situation may affect the applicability, accuracy, or completeness of the information provided. As a result, Fidelity Charitable cannot guarantee that such information is accurate, complete, or timely. Tax laws and regulations are complex and subject to change, and changes in them may have a material impact on pre- and/or after-tax results. Fidelity Charitable makes no warranties with regard to such information or results obtained by its use. Fidelity Charitable disclaims any liability arising out of your use of, or any tax position taken in reliance on, such information. Always consult an attorney or tax professional regarding your specific legal or tax situation.

Fidelity Charitable is the brand name for the Fidelity Investments® Charitable Gift Fund, an independent public charity with a donor-advised fund program. Various Fidelity companies provide services to Fidelity Charitable. The Fidelity Charitable name and logo, and Fidelity are registered service marks of FMR LLC, used by Fidelity Charitable under license. Giving Account is a registered service mark of the Trustees of Fidelity Charitable.

1229732.1.0

